

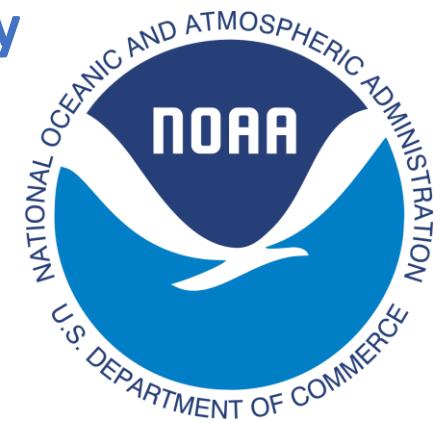
# 4D-Var Data Assimilation in a Nested Configuration of ROMS: Integrating Data from Observations across Scales

Andy Moore, UC Santa Cruz

Hernan Arango, Julia Levin & John Wilkin, Rutgers University

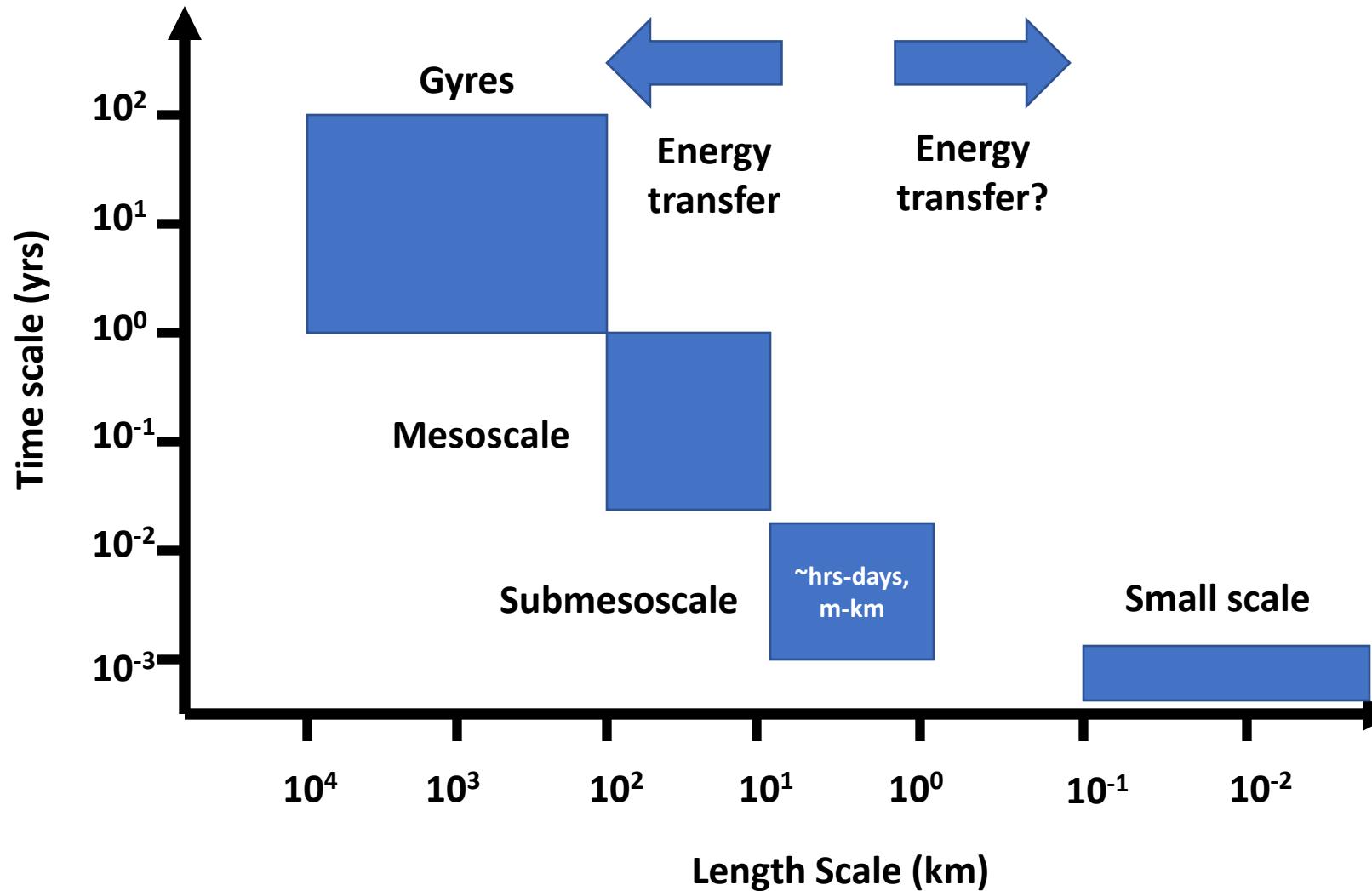


Supported by the U.S. ONR and NOAA

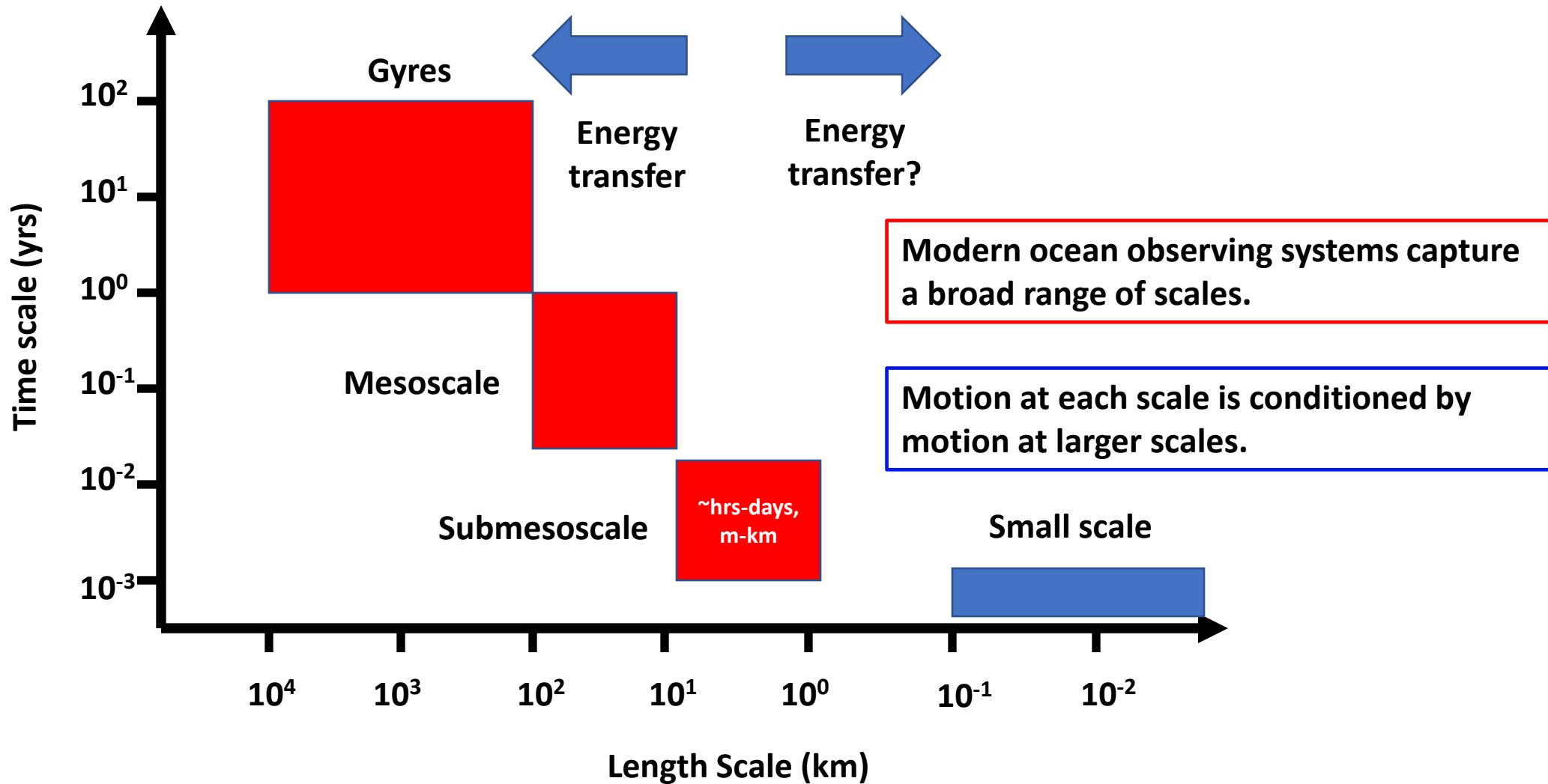


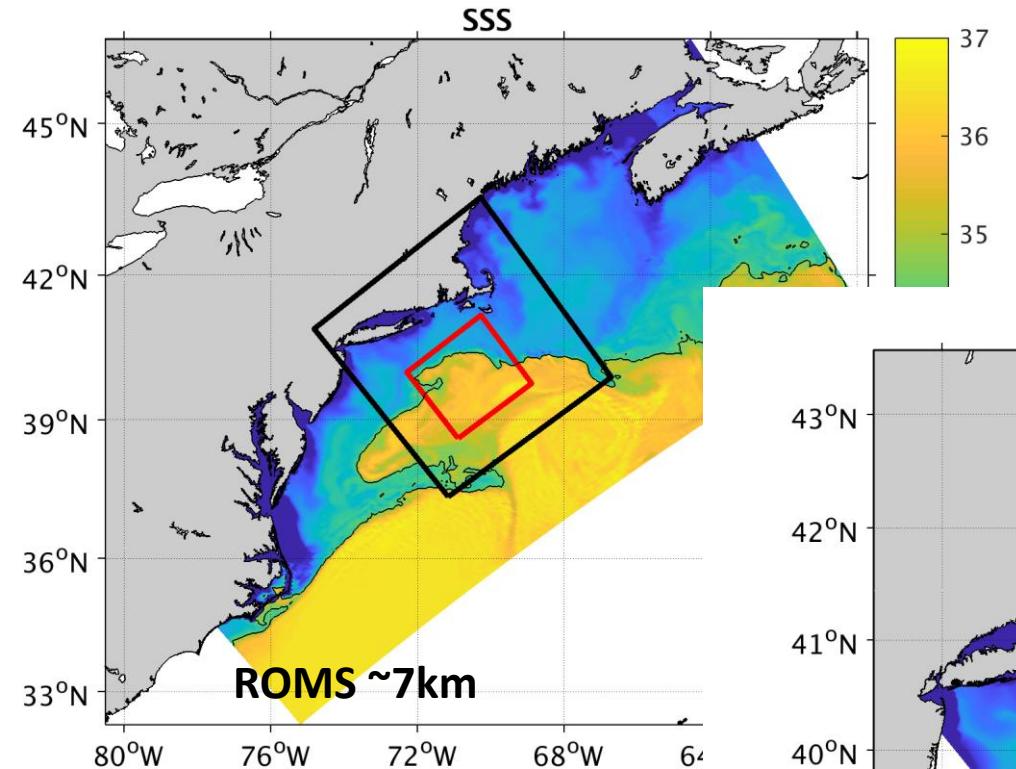
# Motivation

# Ocean Scales of Motion



# Ocean Scales of Motion



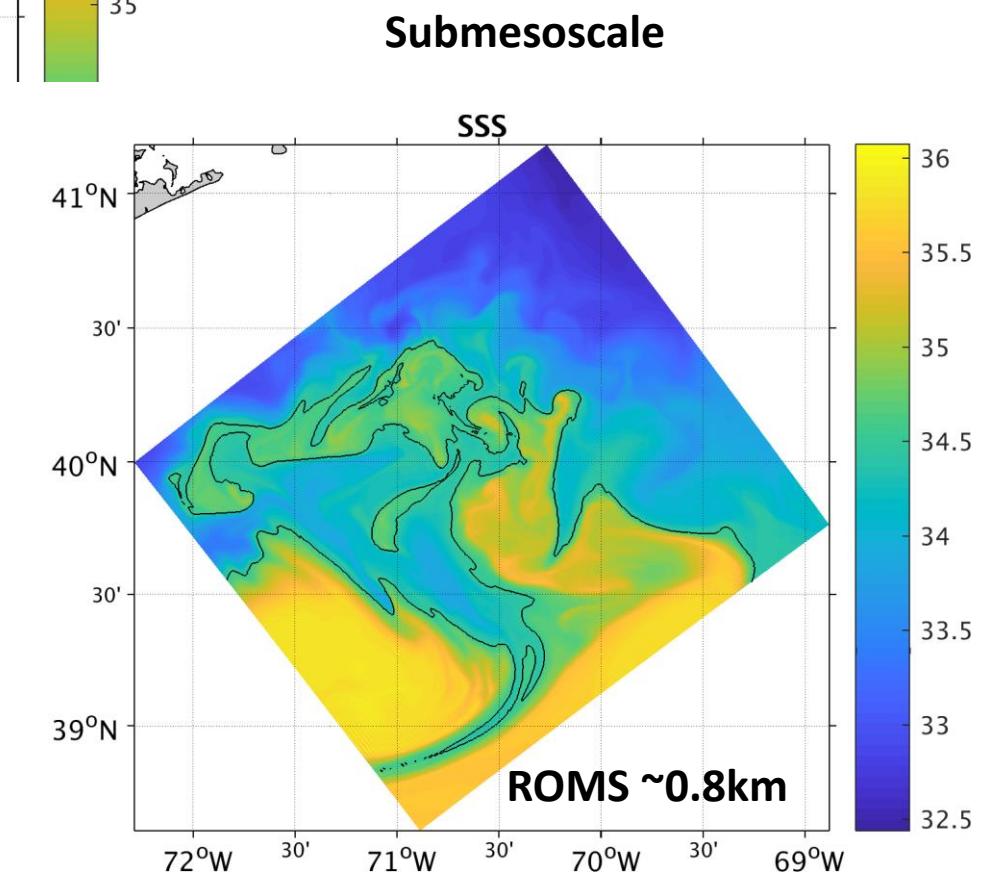
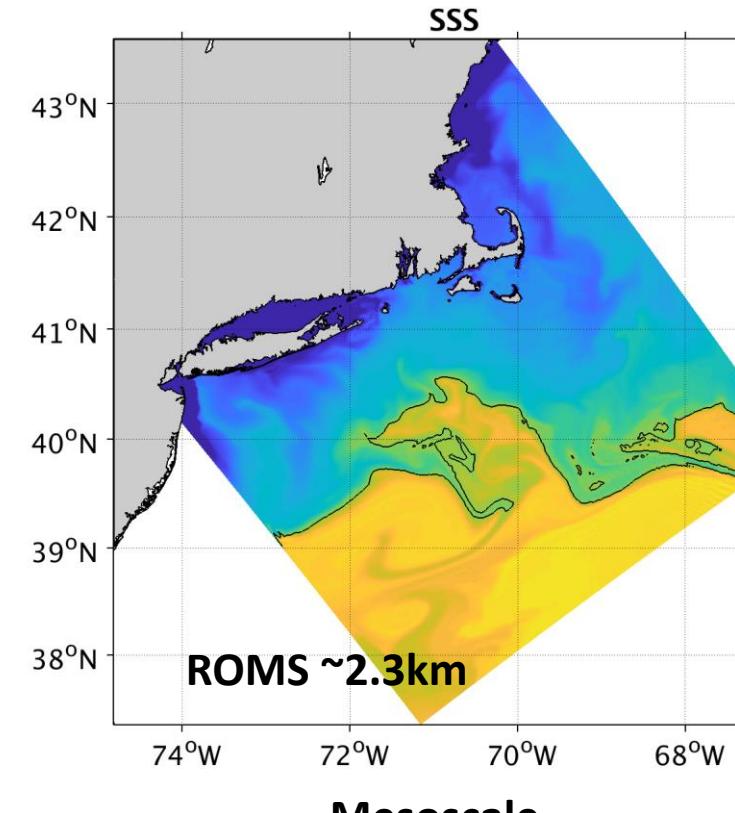


Quasigeostrophic & mesoscale

**ROMS 4D-Var Analyses**  
16 May 2014  
Sea Surface Salinity

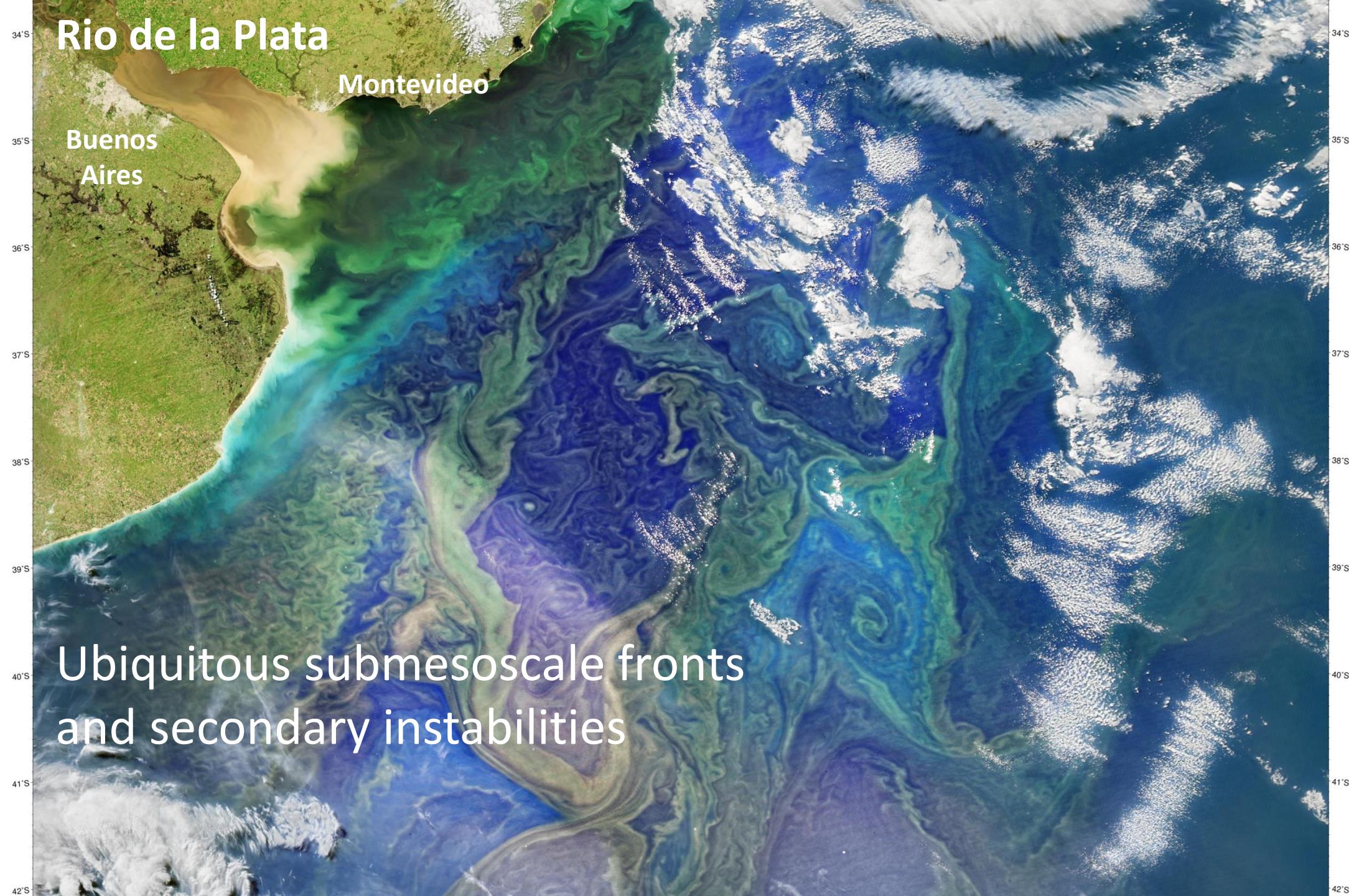
# A Gulf Stream Ring Event

“Pinocchio’s Nose Intrusions” (Zhang & Gawarkiewicz)



# The Submesoscale

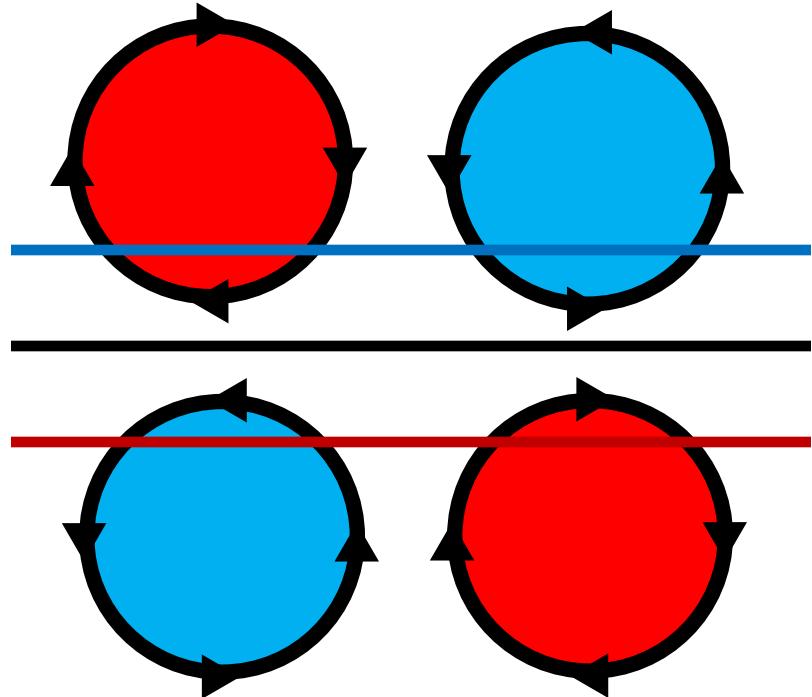
# Rio de la Plata



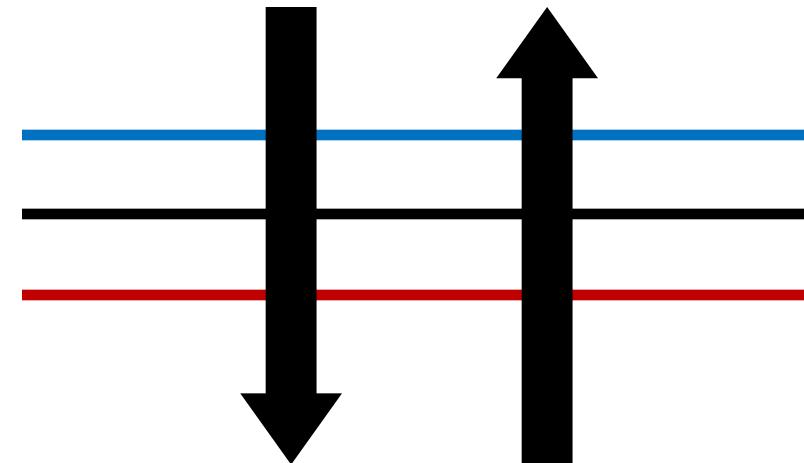
# Frontogenesis

Bergerson (1967); Hoskins (1982)

A field of mesoscale eddies



Strain-induced



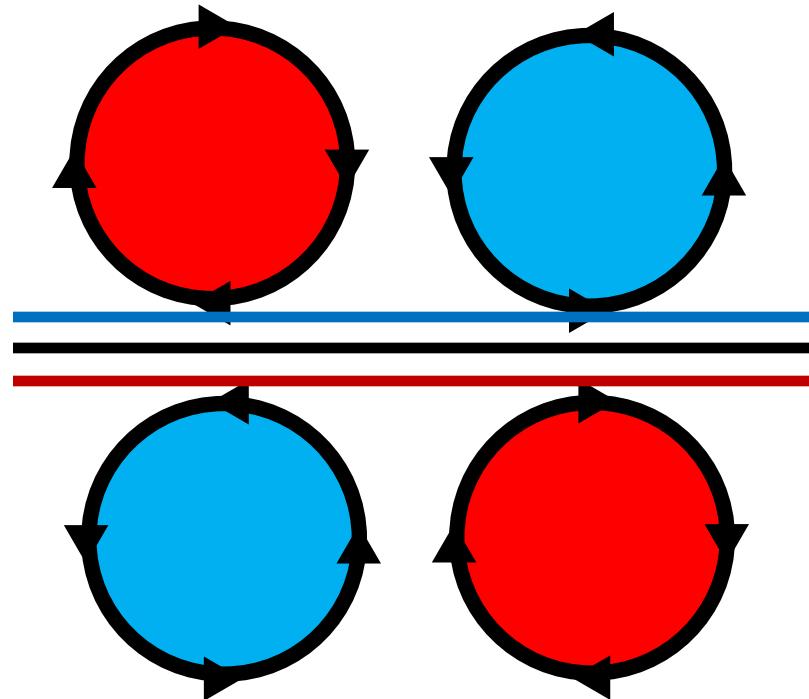
Shear-induced

Conditioned by the mesoscale  
circulation

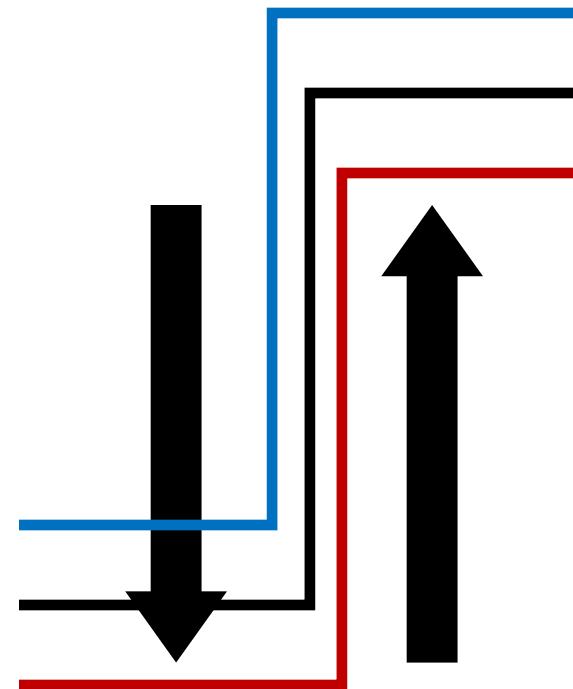
# Frontogenesis

Bergerson (1967); Hoskins (1982)

A field of mesoscale eddies



Strain-induced



Shear-induced

Conditioned by the mesoscale  
circulation

# Evolution & Instability

## Unforced

$$R_o \ll O(1)$$

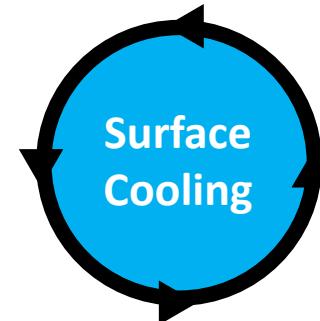
$$L \ll 1 \text{ km}$$

$$U \ll 0.1 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

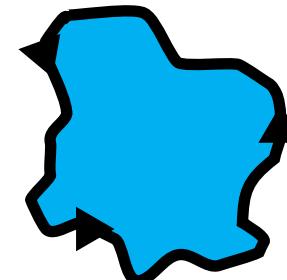
“Eady” instability

(eg. Molemaker et al,  
2005)

## Buoyancy Forced

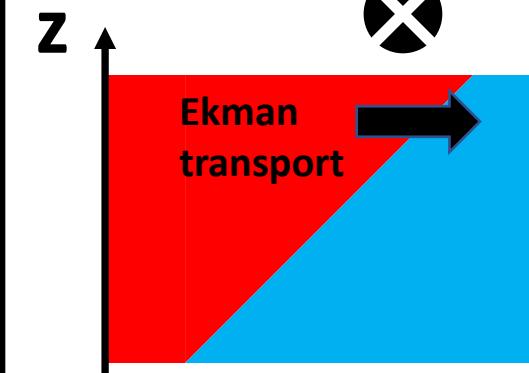


$$a = N h_{ml} / f$$

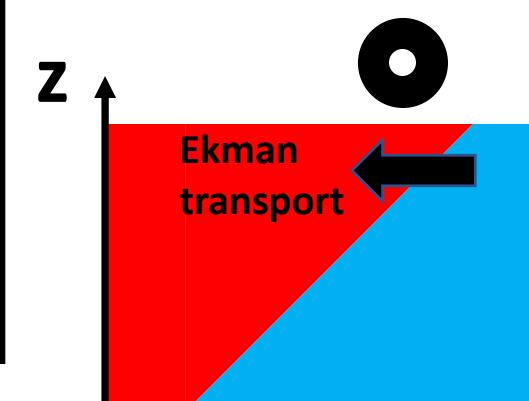


(Legg et al., 1998)

## Wind Forcing of Fronts



Along front winds can promote frontolysis, or...

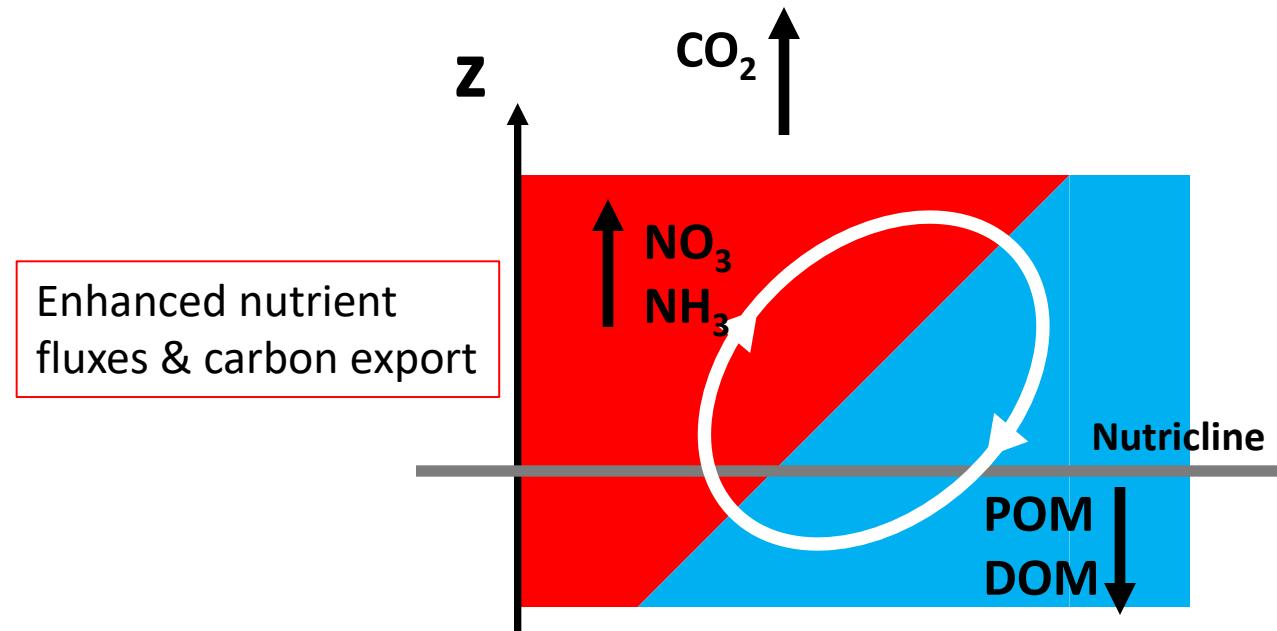


...prolong the life of a front.

(Thomas and Lee, 2005)

# Ocean Biogeochemistry

Lévy et al. (2012)



Upwelling and downwelling

Phytoplankton (Lévy et al, 2012)

Zooplankton (Limouzy-Paris et al, 1997)

Birds (Tew Kai et al., 2009)

Cetaceans (Cotté et al., 2011)

“Great White Shark Café” (Thomas, 2022, pers. comm.)

## Aggregation and Community Structure

$$W \sim 10^{-3} \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$W > 0$$

Short  $\tau$   
Community

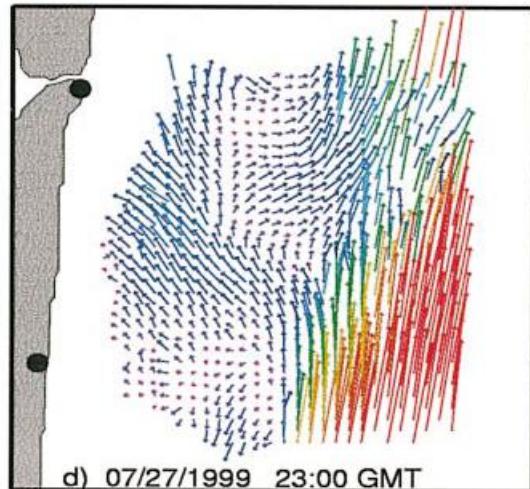
B

$$W \sim 10^{-4} \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

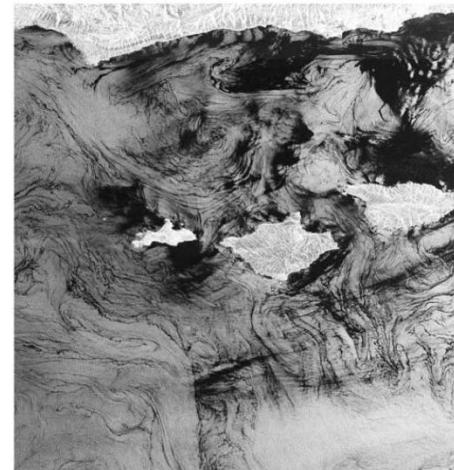
W > 0  
Long  $\tau$   
Community A



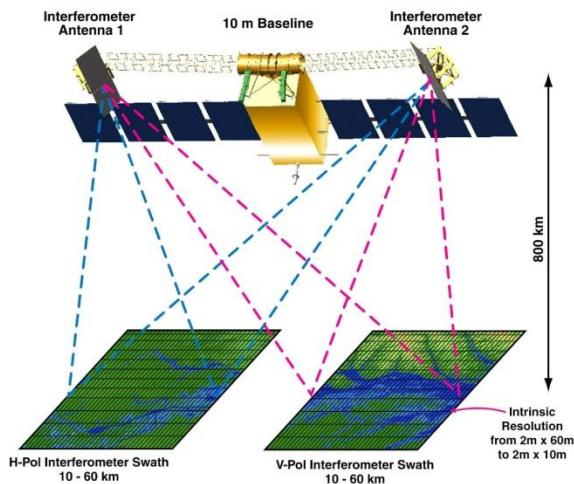
# Observing the Ocean Submesoscale



HF radar (Shay et al, 2003)



SAR (McWilliams et al, 2009)



SWOT (NASA, CNES, CSA, UKSA) (15 km)

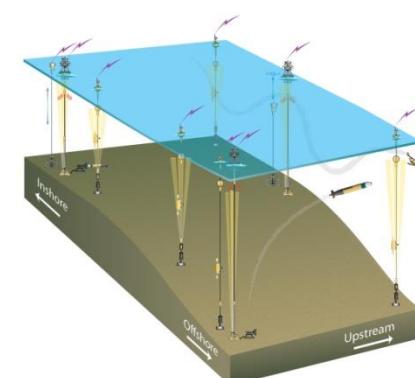
(Challenging:  
short-lived  
small-scale)



Ocean gliders, AUVs & drifters



Aircraft (hyperspectral  
imagers, altimeters, lidar)



NSF OOI  
(endurance arrays)

$$R_o \sim O(1)$$
$$L \sim 1\text{ km}$$
$$U \sim 0.1 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

# Challenges for Submesoscale Data Assimilation

- High resolution models
- Nested grids
- Complex non-linear circulations
- Inhomogeneous, anisotropic, flow dependent covariances
- Submesoscale time scales similar to IG waves (initialization?)
- Balance relations (SG, SQG?)

# Challenges for Submesoscale Data Assimilation

- High resolution models
- **Nested grids**
- Complex non-linear circulations
- Inhomogeneous, anisotropic, flow dependent covariances
- Submesoscale time scales similar to IG waves (initialization?)
- Balance relations (SG, SQG?)

# **Nested Data Assimilation**

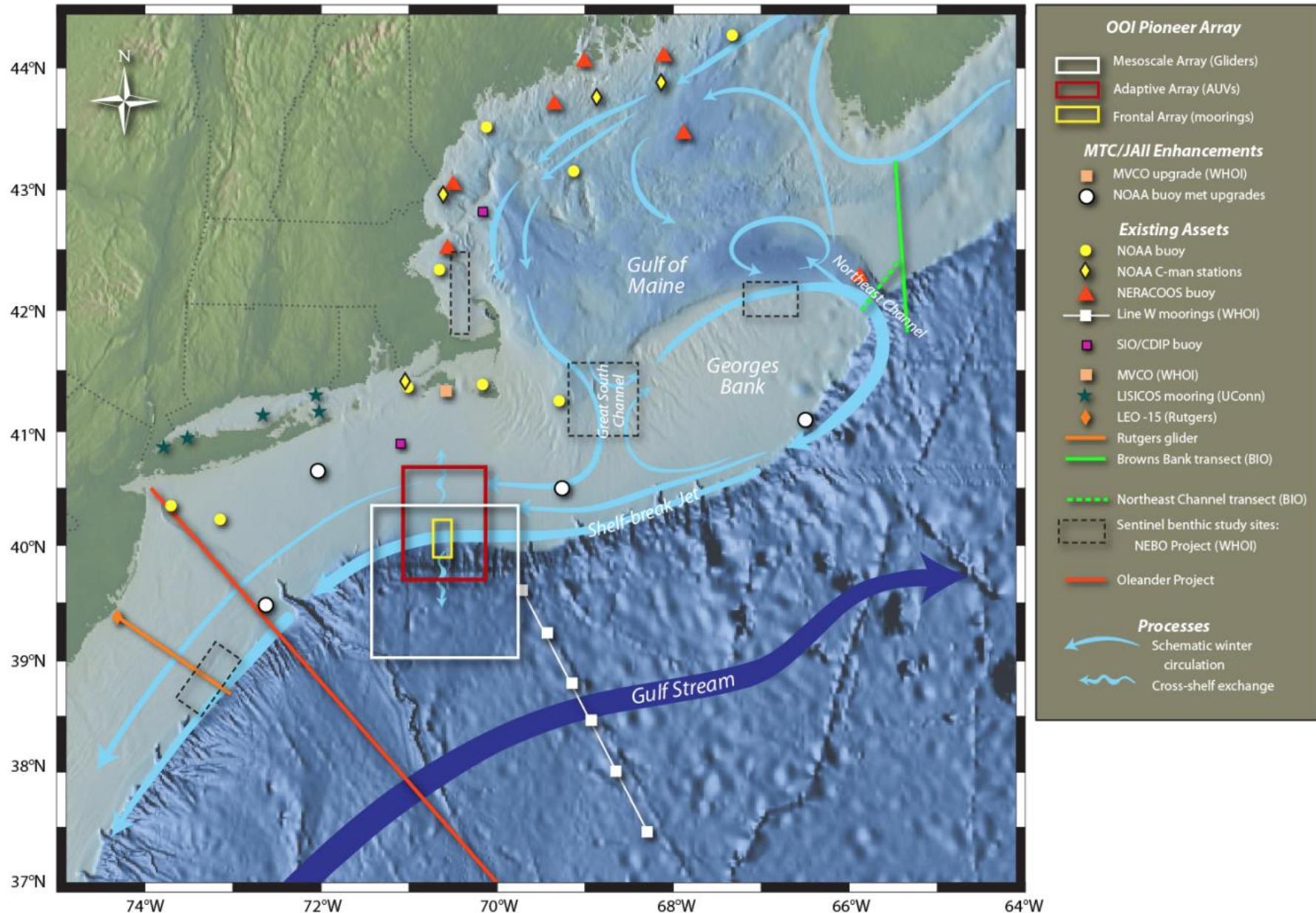
# Data Assimilation in Nested Models

- Quite a long history in NWP:
  - nudging (e.g. Stauffer and Seaman, 1994)
  - EnKF (e.g. Oigawa et al, 2018)
  - 3D-Var (e.g. Xiao et al, 2005)
  - 4D-Var (e.g. Huva et al, 2020)
  - WRF, COAMPS, ALADIN, HIRLAM, others...
- More recent in ocean applications:
  - EnKF (Vandebulke et al, 2006; Barth et al, 2007)
  - Var for tidal components (Logutov, 2008)
  - 4D-Var (Simon et al, 2011)

# The Mid-Atlantic Bight & Gulf of Maine Circulation

**Primary circulation features and major in situ observing systems.**

**A complex circulation comprising a western boundary current, and its interactions with a network of return flows on the continental shelf.**



# ROMS Triply Nested Configuration

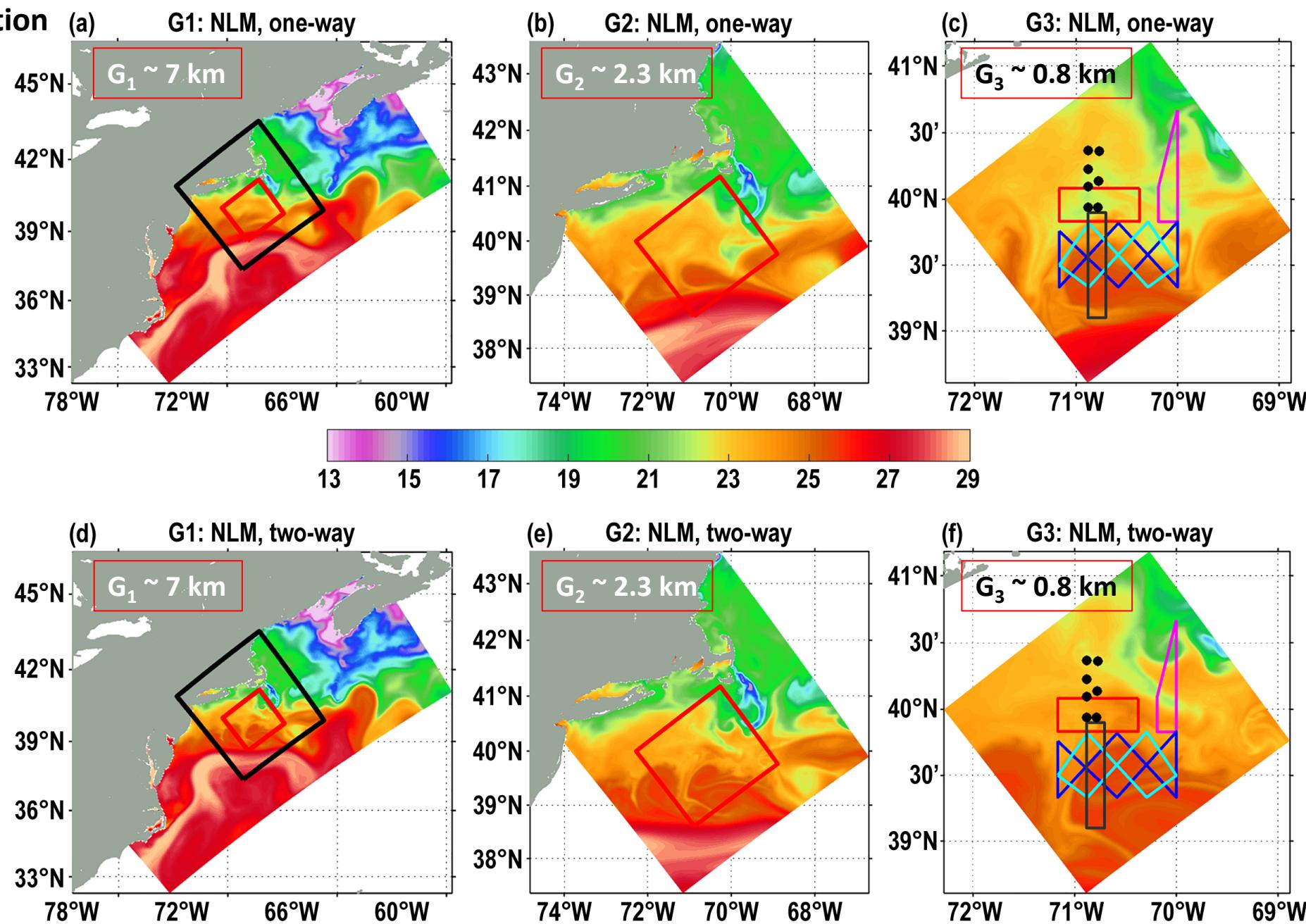
Forward Model SST  
(no DA)

25 July 2015

Model circulation spans  
the western boundary  
current (i.e. Gulf Stream),  
the energetic mesoscale  
eddy environment, and  
the complex submesoscale  
circulation

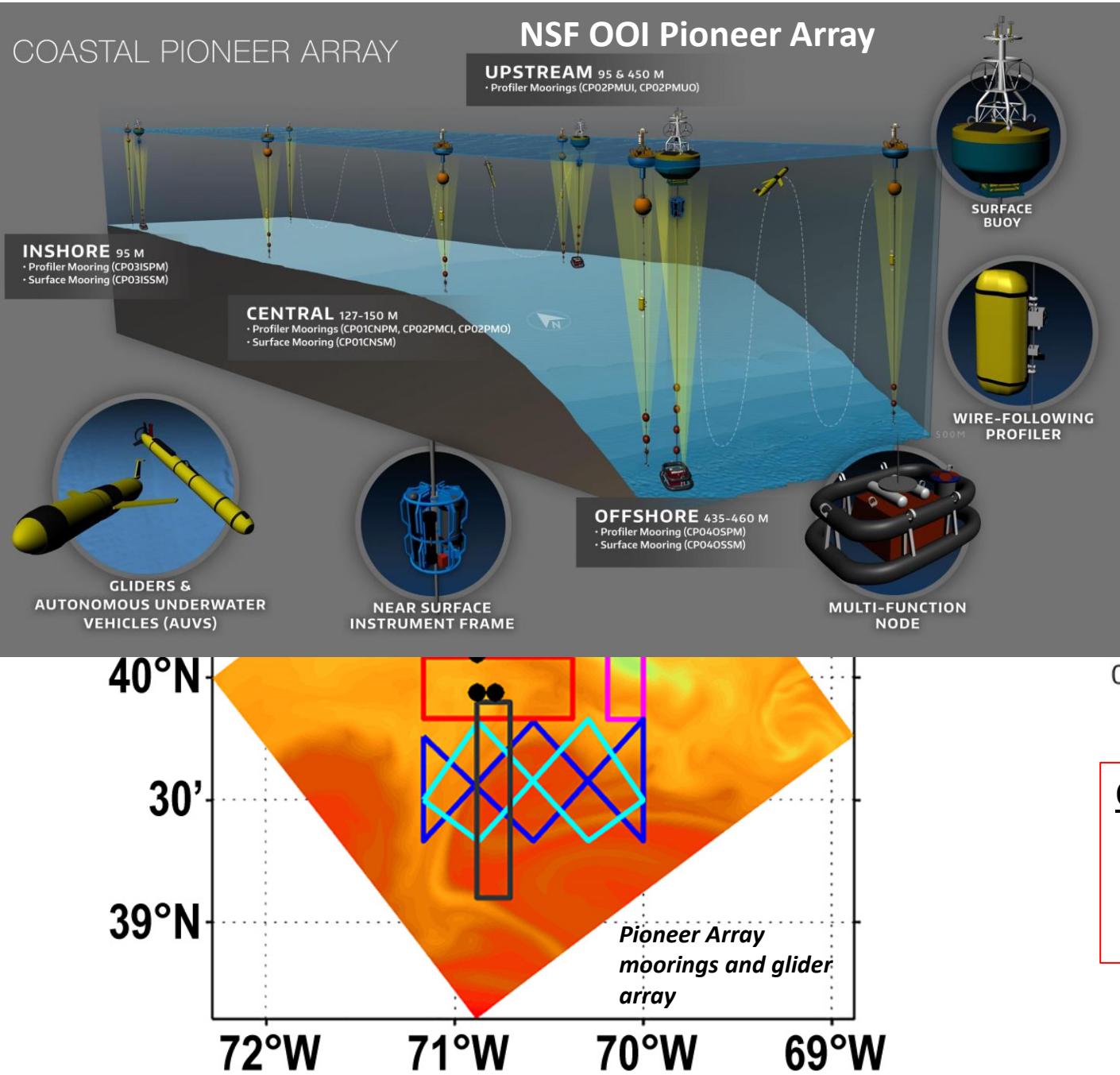
Period considered:  
26 April – 3 August 2015

Model includes:  
- tides  
- rivers



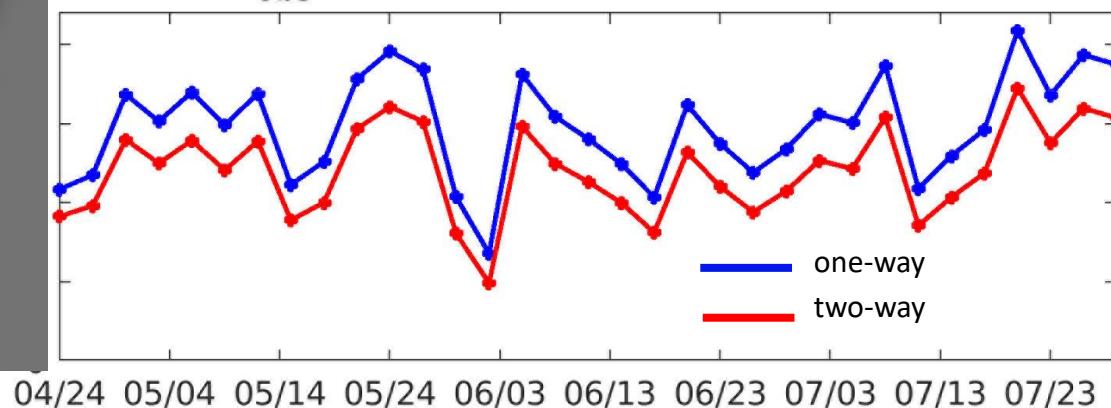
## COASTAL PIONEER ARRAY

### NSF OOI Pioneer Array



# Observations

a: Total  $N_{\text{obs}}$       3-day 4D-Var cycles



**Obs:** SST (AVHRR, GOES, TRMM, AMSR2, WindSat)  
 SSH (Jason, AltiKa, CryoSat)  
 $\text{in situ } T, S$  (NDBC buoys, Argo, XBT, drifters, gliders)  
 $\text{in situ } u, v$  (moorings, HF radars)

one-way: obs in overlapping grid regions  
 assimilated in each overlapping grid.

## 4D-Var SST Estimates

$$X_a = X_b + BH^T(HBH^T + R)^{-1}d$$

4D-Var DA

RBCG Lanczos

2 outer-loops

7 inner-loops

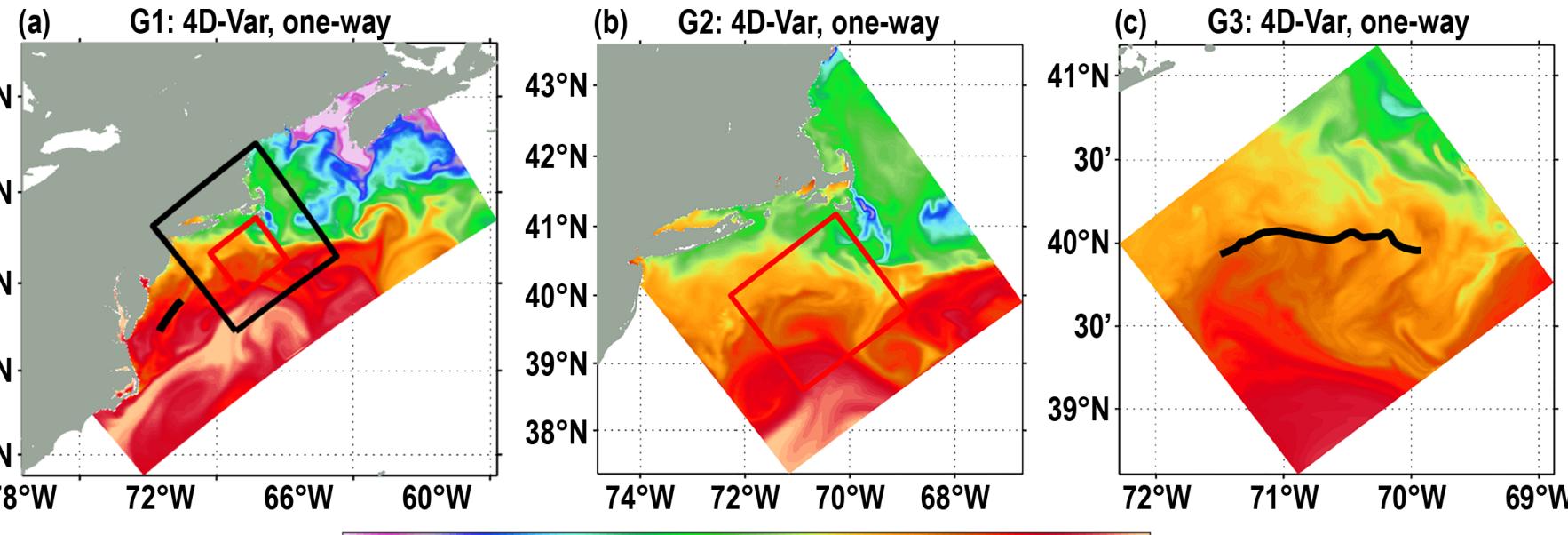
Background QC

$B$  – diffusion operator

$R$  – diagonal

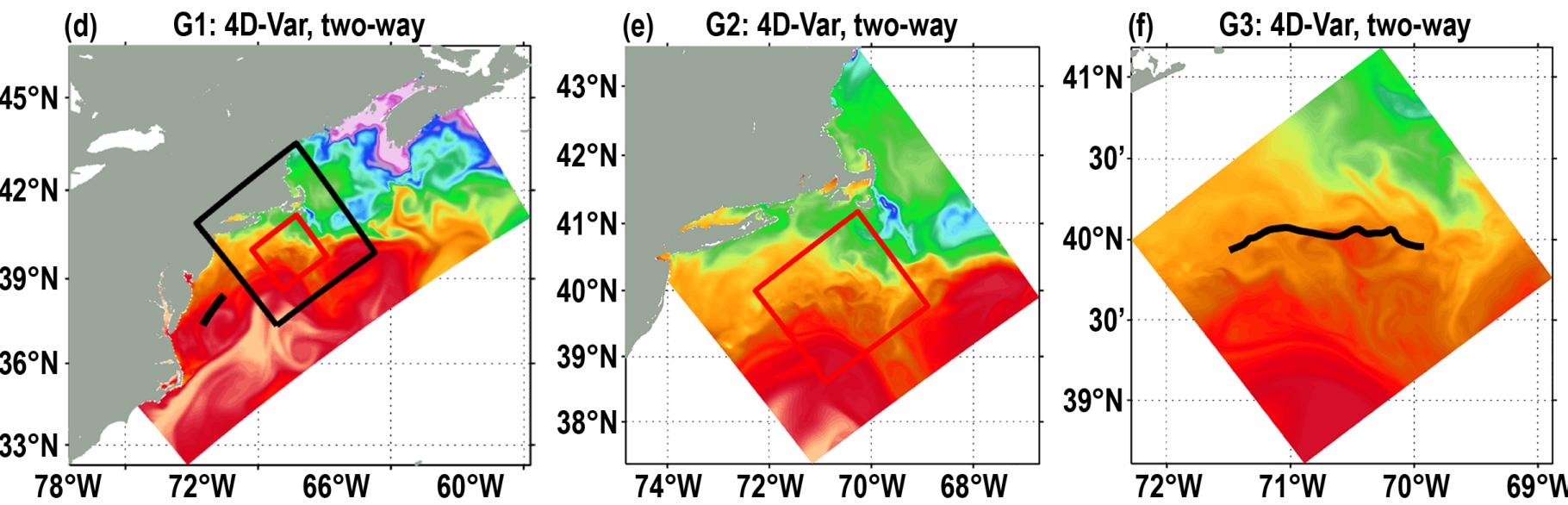
$$B = \begin{pmatrix} B_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & B_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & B_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} R_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & R_3 \end{pmatrix}$$



25 July 2015

13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29



RMS SST (2way-1way): 4DVar (free run)

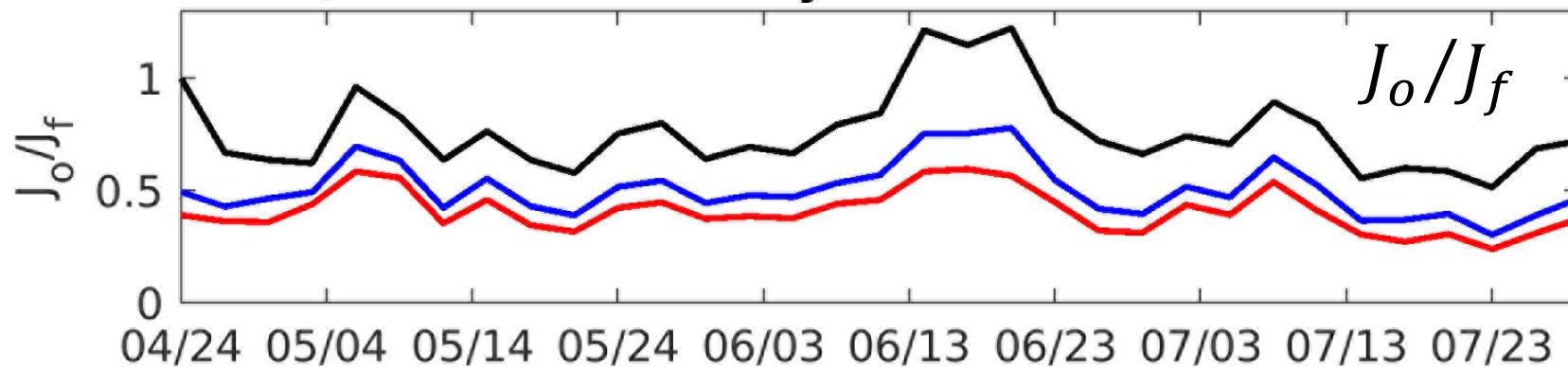
0.9°C (0.8°C)

0.9°C (1.1°C)

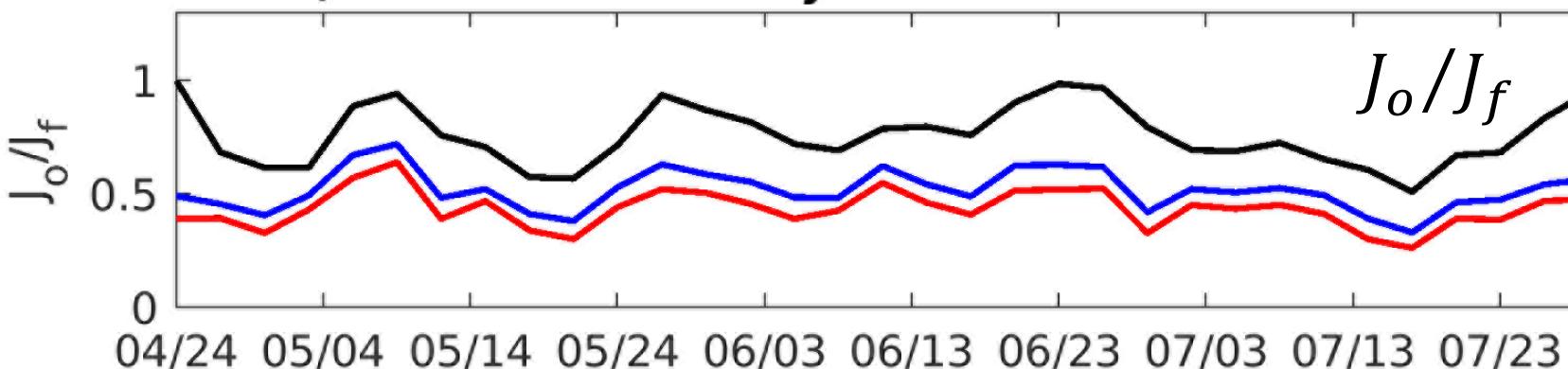
0.9°C (1.4°C)

# Model Fit to the Observations

a: G1, G2 & G3: one way



e: G1, G2 & G3: two way



— *background*

— *outer-loop #1*

— *outer-loop #2*

$$\text{Free run (no DA): } J_f = (y - H(X_f))^T R^{-1} (y - H(X_f))$$

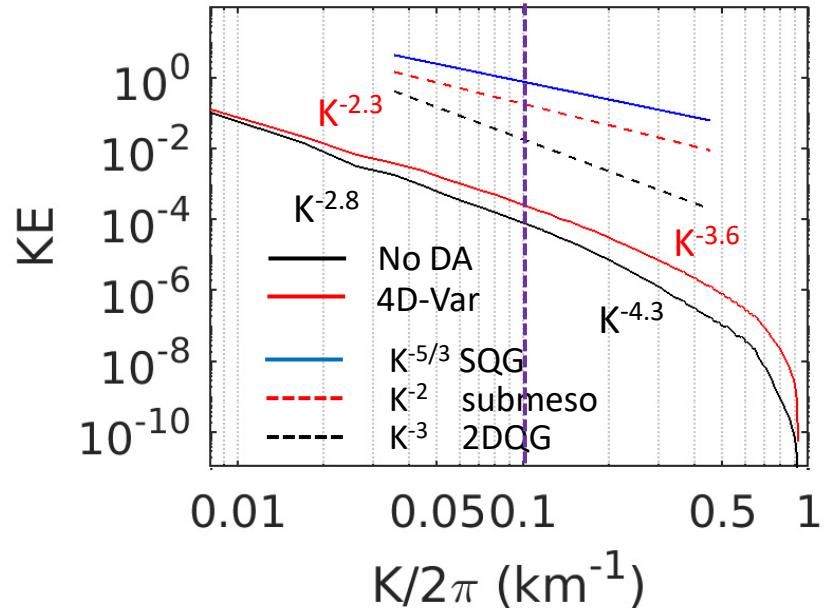
$$4\text{D-Var: } J_o = (y - H(X))^T R^{-1} (y - H(X))$$

In general  $J_o/J_f < 1$

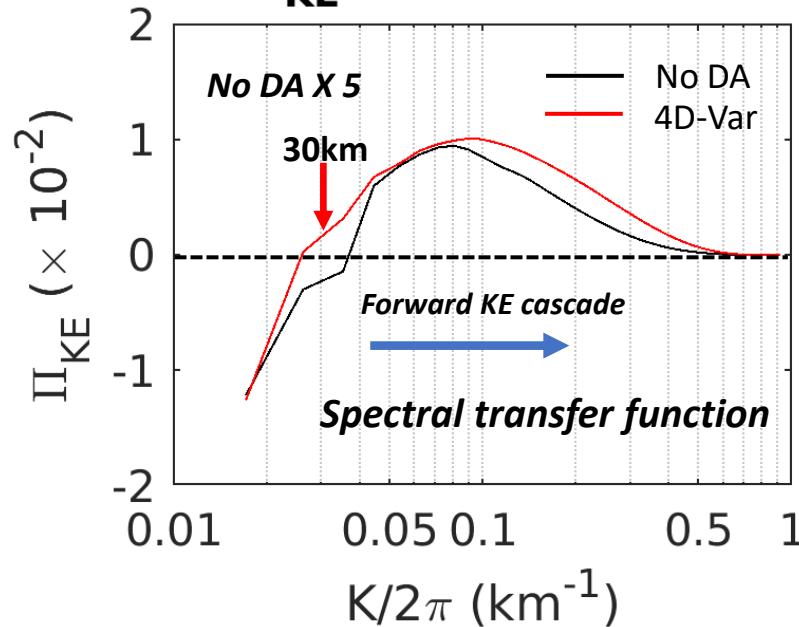
# **Energy Cascades & Predictability**

Surface only: G3

### d: KE Spectra: two-way

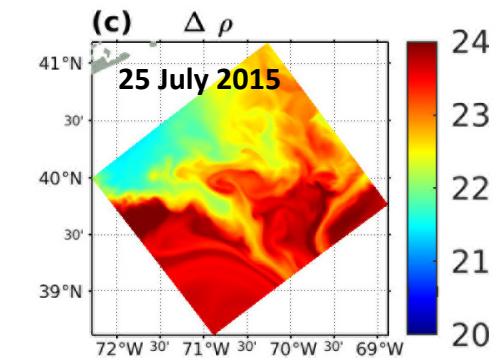
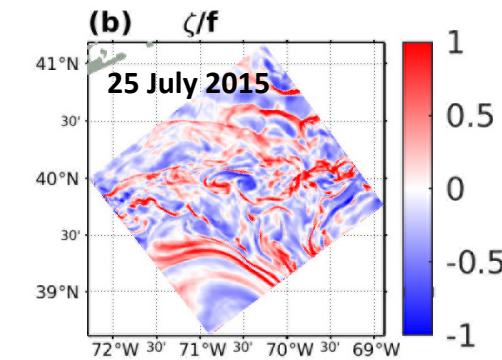
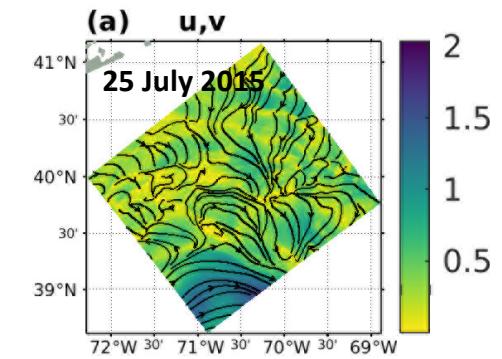


### h: $\Pi_{KE}$ , two-way



G3

- Data assimilation *energizes* the circulation at *all* scales



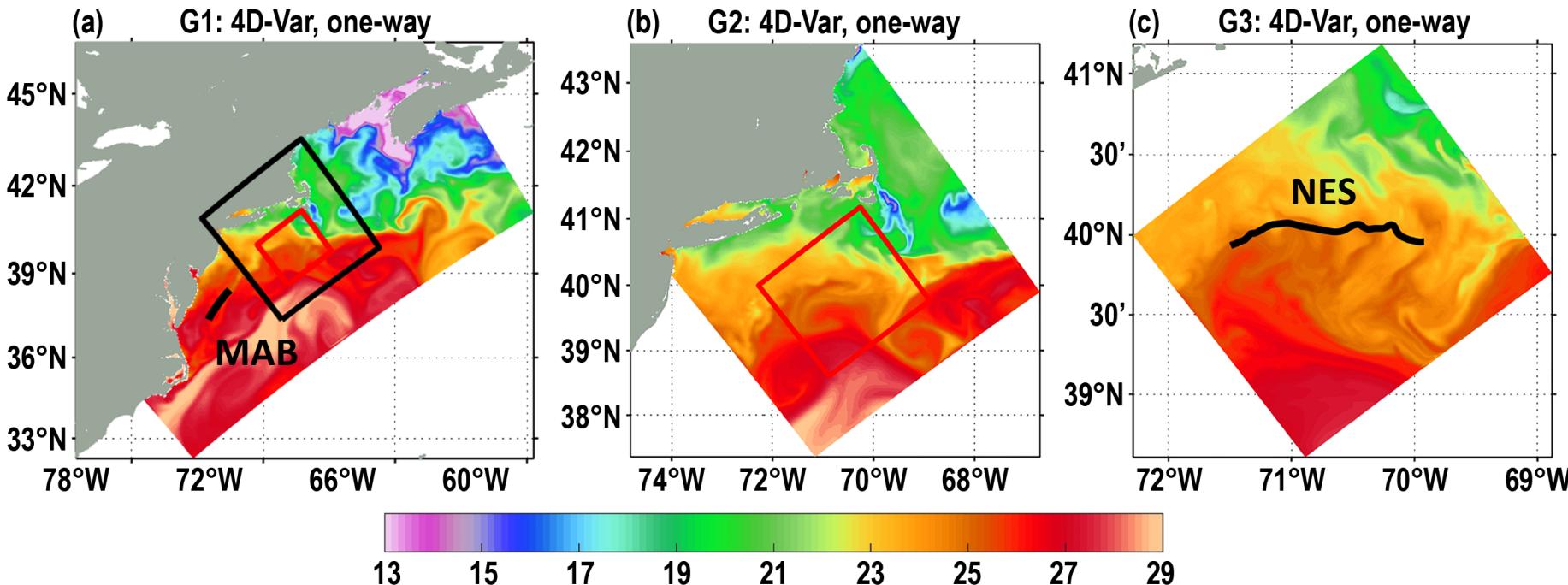
- Energy cascades to *smaller* scales at scales < ~ 30 km
- The cascade is not interrupted by data assimilation
- Contradicts the claims of Sandery & Sakov (2017)

$$\Pi_{KE}(K) = - \int_K^{K_{max}} \hat{u}(\hat{u}\partial\hat{u}/\partial x + \hat{v}\partial\hat{u}/\partial y) + \hat{v}(\hat{u}\partial\hat{v}/\partial x + \hat{v}\partial\hat{v}/\partial y) dK \quad w \ll (u, v)$$

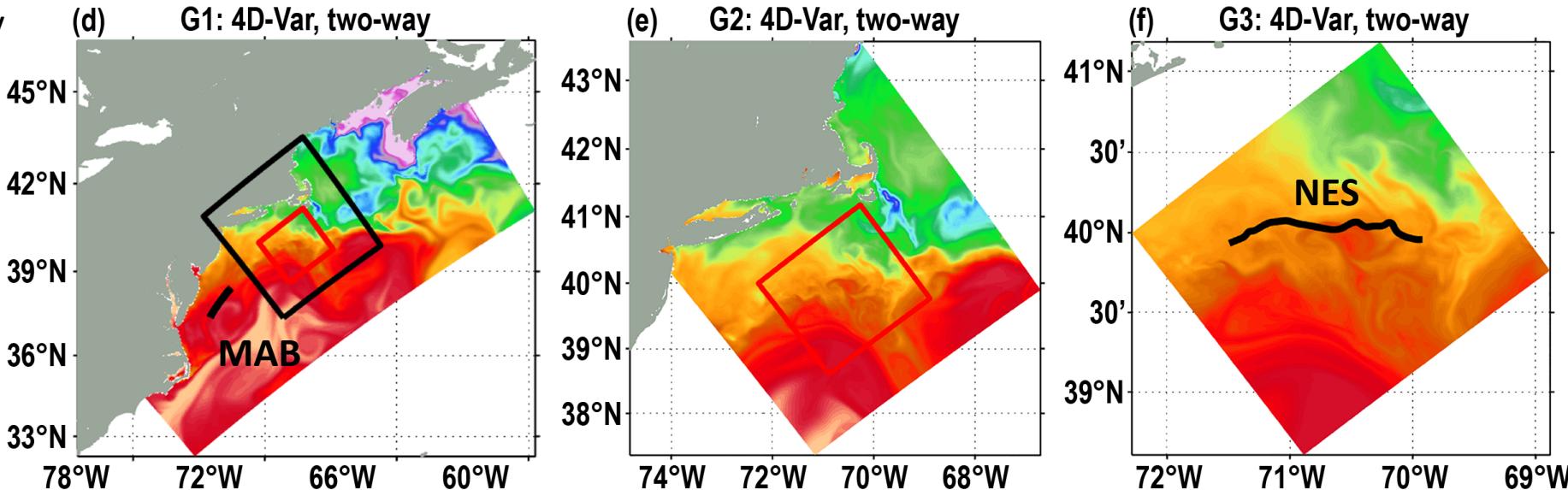
# Downscaling & Upscaling

# Downscaling & Upscaling

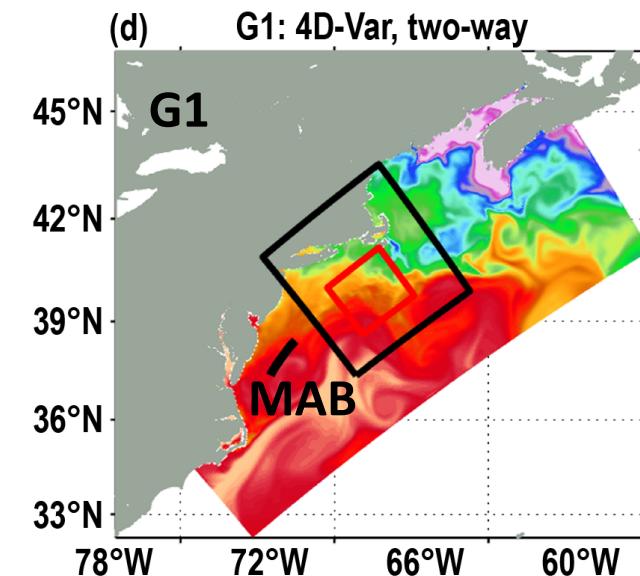
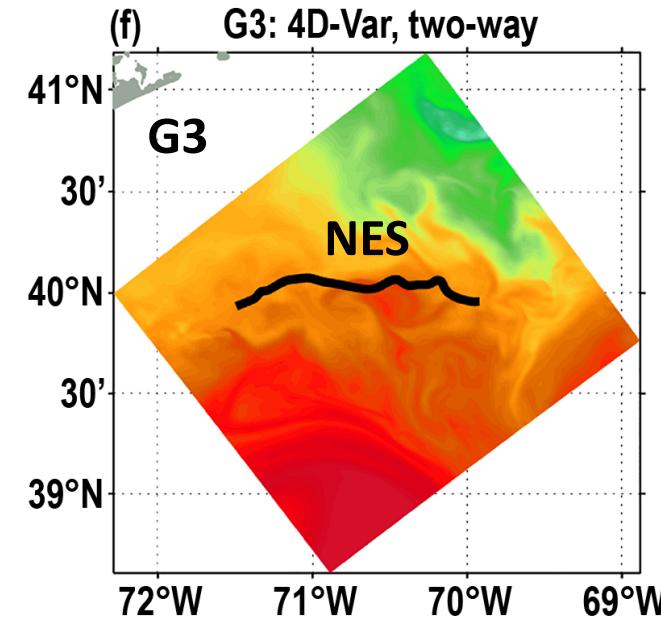
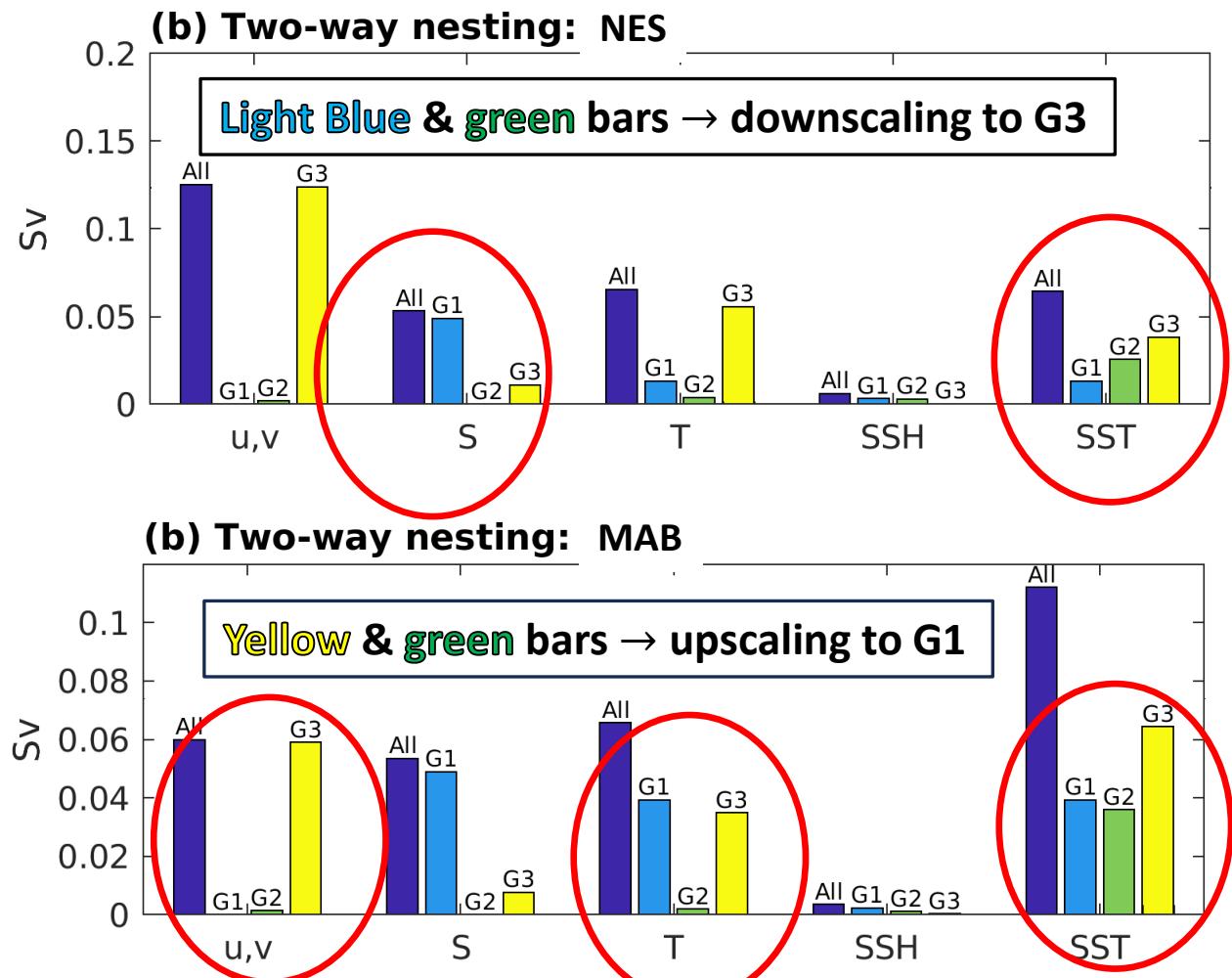
NES – prior site of Pioneer Array  
(2014-2022)



MAB – current site of Pioneer Array  
(2024-present)



# Observation Impacts on NES and MAB Cross-Shelf Transport



## Summary & Conclusions

- Nested 4D-Var is a useful tool and will soon be available in the ROMS community code release.
- All of the ROMS TL and AD tools apply seamlessly to the nested models:
  - FSOI
  - FSO
  - array modes
- Our results contradict previous arguments about the potential negative influence of submesoscale DA on the larger-scale circulation estimates. *In our case errors at the submesoscale will generally propagate to smaller scales and dissipate.*
- Evidence of upscaling and downscaling of observational information.