



Using Argo data for ocean reanalysis: some pitfalls to avoid Peter Oke, CSIRO

Outline

- Some subtleties of Argo data
- Argo at high latitudes
- Update on BRAN2020
- > Demonstration of how RT data can degrade a reanalysis



Argo data is important for us

- Argo data is our main source of sub-surface ocean observations
- Argo floats operate for about 5 years

... we're always 5 years away from extinction

The current Argo array is degrading in some places (eg Indian Ocean)
... keep an eye on it, and consider the implications





The Argo community maintains two Global Data Acquisition Centres (GDACs) – US GODAE and CORIOLIS.

Argo GDACs should really be your source of Argo data!

There are community datasets that make it easier to access Argo data, but they don't update Argo data as frequently as the Argo GDACs.

- CORA appears to be updated once per year
- CORA 4.0 April 2014
- CORA 4.1 April 2015
- **CORA 4.2 April 2016**
- CORA 5.0 April 2017
- CORA 5.1 ?
- CORA 5.2 ?

EN4 – appears to be u pdated on 10th and 20th of each month

- ARGOA
- ARGOR
- ARGOD
- ... just use "ARGOD" for reanalysis



Types of Argo data

- There are two types of Argo data files:
 - R-files ... real-time data, with automatic quality control
 - D-files ... delayed-model data, with manual quality control
- R-files are updated as data is received and automatically processed (including data for today)
- D-files are updated as historical data is reprocessed

... new old data is reprocessed every day

QC1 – data is good

- QC2 data is probably good
- QC3 data is probably bad (but may be recoverable)
- QC4 data is bad (unrecoverable)



Argo Delayed-Model quality control

- If data is good, D-files are reprocessed every 12 months
- ➢ If data are suspect, D-files are reprocessed more often
- If you updated your data archive for reanalysis a year ago, you will miss the most recent manual check and correction





- Point-wise QC flagging
- > Correction of salinity bias, if possible









- Point-wise QC flagging
- Correction of salinity bias, if possible







Multi-scale EnOl



Multiscale data assimilation in the Bluelink ocean reanalysis (BRAN)

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lea level anomal

JASONDJEMAMJJASON

d. Subsurface salinity

JASONDJEMAMJJA

2017

2016

2017

2018

MJJASONDJEM

2019

2018

2019

2016

0.12

0.10

0.06

0.04

Multi-scale EnOI, with 2 ensembles

Broad-scale, 1° model, 480 members, 1m-40y anoms Mesoscale: 1/10° model, 144 members, 3d-3m anoms Two steps:

- adjust broad-scales 1.
- Adjust mesoscales 2.

	BRAN2015	MS400
Subsurface temp. ($^\circ\mathrm{C})$		
all	0.2512	0.1744 (-30.6%)
<50 m	0.1821	0.1597 (-12.3%)
50–500 m	0.2733	0.1954 (-28.5%)
>500 m	0.2549	0.1405 (-44.9%)
Subsurface sal. (psu)		
all	0.04324	0.03185 (-26.3%)
<50 m	0.04259	0.02898 (-32.0%)
50–500 m	0.04533	0.03208 (-29.2%)
>500 m	0.03946	0.03332 (-15.6%)



BRAN2020 CSIRO (a) 0.08 0.07 0.06 SLA (m) 0.05 0.04 0.03 0.02 1995 2000 2005 2010 (b) 0.6 0.5 SST (degC) 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.0 1995 2000 2005 2010 (c) Temperature (degC) 0.9 0.7

(d)

Salinity (psu)



2015



Data description paper

Next generation of Bluelink ocean reanalysis with multiscale data assimilation: BRAN2020

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Impact of RT data





Mean absolute differences (background innovations) for different times





- BRAN improved when Argo data was assimilated
- BRAN degraded when we switched to RT data



Impact of RT data

- ➢ We reduced errors by ~30% when we assimilate Argo data
- > We lost one third of that gain by switching back to RT data





Key messages

- Only use delayed-mode data for reanalysis
- Argo D-files are updated every day
 - ... even for historical data
 - ... even for floats that are dead
- Access data from Argo GDACs directly
- Advocate for Argo ... we're always 5 years away from extinction





Nice intercomparison study

ORIGINAL RESEARCH article





A

B

5 C 30

D 30

10

Α

-13 -15 5 2 -17

₽ -19

-21 -23 -25

-13

-19 -21 -23 -25

1996

2000

2004

2008

2012

2016

Е

S -1

An Intercomparison of Global Reanalysis Products for Southern Africa's Major Oceanographic Features

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